

Artificial intelligence in the private banking

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Abstract

Artificial intelligence, or the emulation of human intelligence in machines, has grown and is significant in the modern financial era. The purpose of this study is to talk about how consumers in Asian nations perceive the use of artificial intelligence. The size of AI in the Fintech market is projected to be USD 44.08 billion in 2024 and is anticipated to increase at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 2.91% to reach USD 50.87 billion by 2029. The findings demonstrated a significant and positive association between the parameters (knowledge of artificial intelligence technology, perceived utility, awareness, attitude, and subjective norms) and the ambition to install AI in the banking industry.

This study sheds light on the impacts of artificial intelligence uses in the private banking sector. Because this study is descriptive, all necessary and pertinent data have been gathered from a variety of websites, journals, and magazines for published studies.

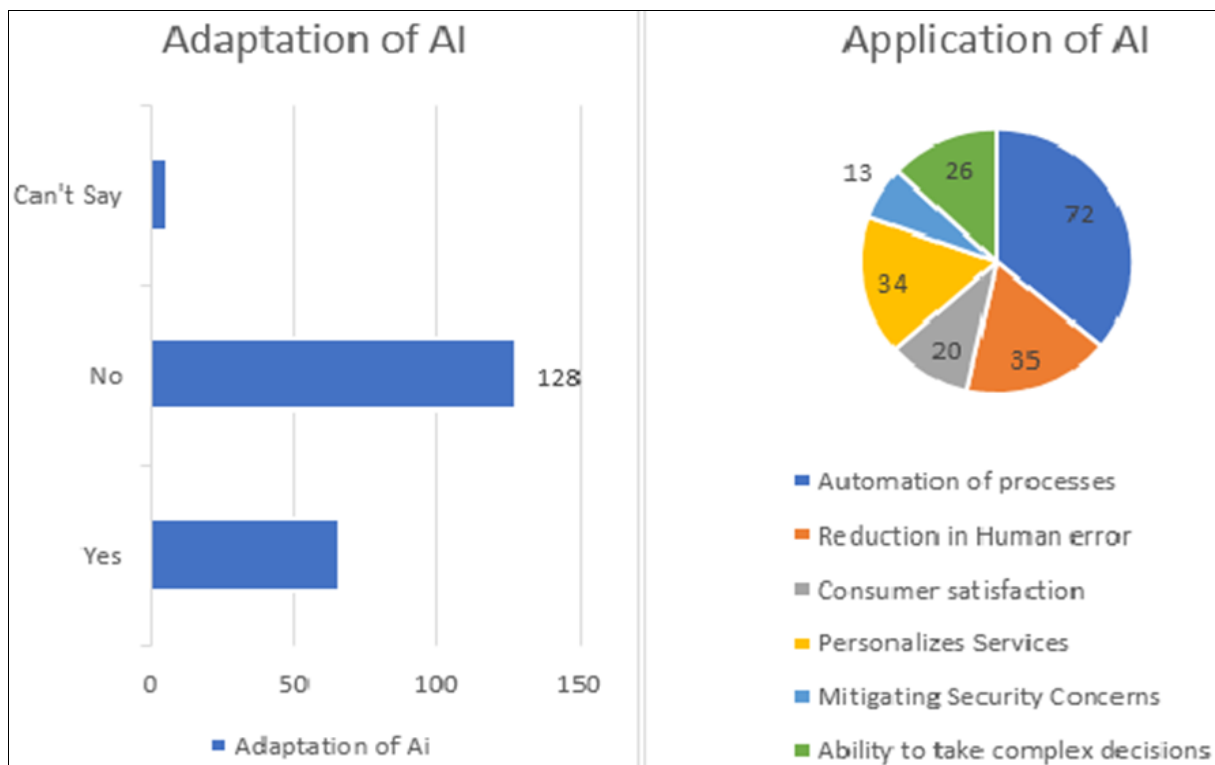
Keywords: Artificial intelligence, tech-savvy customers, customer satisfaction, money transfers, e-banking, mobile banking

Introduction

In the ever-evolving landscape of the technology-driven world, industries across the spectrum are assessing options and adopting strategies to create value and remain relevant. Among these, the banking sector stands out, undergoing groundbreaking changes that redefine its core operations. AI in Fintech accounted for the highest revenue share, with 57.2% in 2021. Businesses can install software or services

on a financial institution's premises or systems with the help of on-premise deployment. The market for clouds will grow at a rate of 17% CAGR between 2022 and 2032.

A paradigm shift towards customer-centricity has emerged as a focal point, driven by the increasing expectations of tech-savvy consumers accustomed to advanced technologies in their daily lives.



Source: <https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/Impact-of-Artificial-Intelligence-on-Performance-of-Alzaidi/90baaf54f300e094b8420540519ab00c8201efbf>

Fig 1: Distribution charts for adaptation of AI in banking sector and application of AI specific area of banking sector

The rise of customer-centricity in the banking sector is a response to the demands of a generation that expects seamless experiences in every aspect of their interactions. With individuals now accustomed to the conveniences of modern technology, banks are compelled to adapt and deliver services that align with the expectations of a connected and dynamic customer base. This adaptation involves the expansion of the industry landscape, extending beyond traditional banking services to encompass retail, information technology, and telecommunications.

- According to 67% of businesses, artificial intelligence (AI) for Fintech is one of the most promising technologies available and will have a significant impact on the sector in the future years.
- According to a report by International Data Corp. (IDC), a provider of technology market intelligence and advisory services, global spending on artificial intelligence is expected to reach \$166 billion in 2023 (with banking being one of the largest contributors by industry at roughly 13%) and rise to about \$450 billion by 2027.
- If the use cases are completely deployed, generative AI may generate between \$200 billion and \$340 billion in value annually (9%–15% of banks' operating earnings), according to a 2023 estimate by management firm McKinsey & Co.

Utilizing a descriptive research method, this study draws upon a comprehensive range of data sources, including journals, magazines, published papers, and reputable websites. By synthesizing insights from these diverse outlets, the research aims to provide a nuanced understanding of the effects of AI implementation in the private banking sector. As we navigate this exploration, the paper seeks to shed light on the transformative forces at play, offering a holistic view of the implications for both the industry and its stakeholders.

Literature Review

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) in the private banking and finance sectors has been the subject of extensive exploration in contemporary literature. Researchers have delved into the multifaceted impacts, challenges, and opportunities that show a study from 2023 where 46% of respondents mentioned that AI has improved their customer experience. 20% of the respondents highlighted the lower total cost of ownership, while thirty-five percent said that the application of AI produced operational efficiencies, associated with the adoption of AI technologies in financial institutions.

- In her research study, Dr. Monica Sharma (2020) outlined how the banking sector has transformed as a result of the current use of AI. Her whole research project centered on artificial intelligence (AI) in the financial industry, the revolutionary changes it has brought about, and how it affects human labor.
- In his 2019 paper, Mr. C. Vijay discusses the application of artificial intelligence in the Indian banking industry, as well as the advantages and difficulties that the field faces in India. The FinTech industry can benefit from Artificial Intelligence's development and the various ways it can enhance the banking industry in India.

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- Mr. Amer Awad Alzaidi (2018) ^[3] explained how artificial intelligence is being used in the banking industry and assessed its effects. Moreover, quantitative analysis of the gathered data was performed using SPSS21.0.

According to a survey carried out in 2023, 46 percent of the respondents indicated improved customer experience thanks to AI. 35 percent of the respondents indicated that the use of AI created operational efficiencies, and 20 percent mentioned the reduction of the total cost of ownership.

The Aim of the Study

This research paper aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the role, impact, and implications of artificial intelligence in the private banking and finance sectors. The primary objectives include:

1. **Check the Adoption Trends:** Analyze the current state of AI adoption in private banking institutions, exploring the extent to which these technologies are being integrated into various aspects of financial operations.
2. **Assess the Impact on Customer Experience:** Investigate the impact of AI on the customer experience within the private banking sector, examining the effectiveness of AI-driven tools in enhancing personalized services and satisfaction.
3. **Examine Risk Management and Fraud Detection:** Check the contribution of AI in risk management and fraud detection, assessing the capabilities of machine learning algorithms in identifying and mitigating potential threats.
4. **Explore Automation in Financial Processes:** Examine the role of AI in automating financial processes, identifying areas where automation can lead to increased efficiency, reduced errors, and cost savings.

Research Method

This study, which is a descriptor, explains the purpose and meaning of artificial intelligence as well as its effects—both good and bad—on the private banking sector. Thus, employs secondary data. The only sources of data for the entire study are observation and documentary analysis. Also, the necessary and pertinent secondary data are gathered from a variety of websites, journals, publications, and research papers, among other sources. Books have also been consulted when necessary to get theoretical knowledge on the subject.

Findings

This section is broken down into the following sections:

1. The purpose and justification of artificial intelligence.
2. Artificial Intelligence Applications in Banking Industries
3. Artificial intelligence's effects on the financial sector are, both positive and negative.

The foundation for simulating human intelligence processes through the development and use of algorithms integrated

into a dynamic computing environment is artificial intelligence or AI. AI, to put it, aims to mimic human thought and behavior in computers.

Three essential elements are needed to achieve this goal:

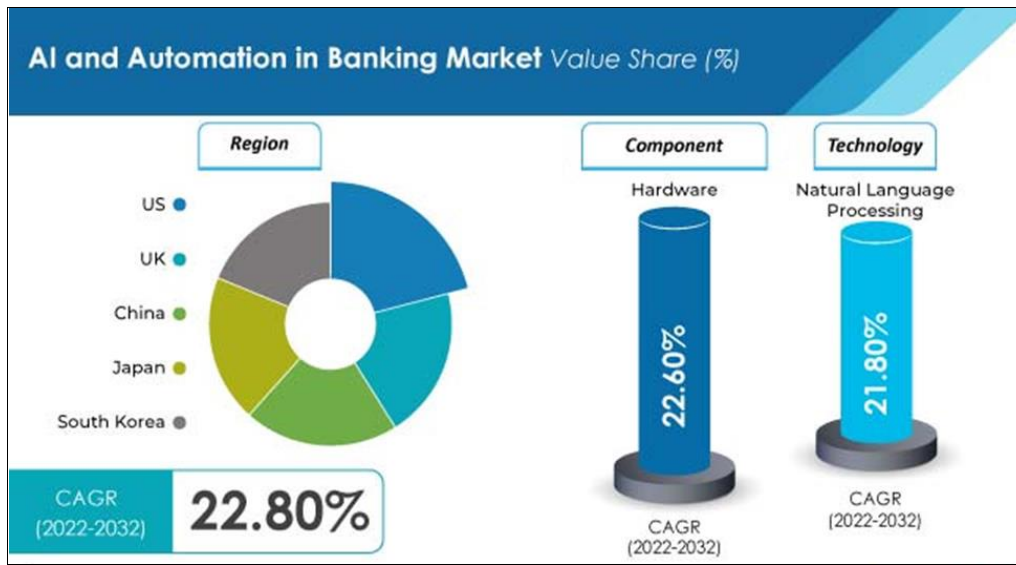
1. How has the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) impacted operational efficiency and customer experience in the private banking and finance sector?
2. What are the key challenges and ethical considerations associated with the implementation of AI in private banking, and how can these challenges be addressed to ensure responsible and secure use of AI technologies?
3. In what ways does AI contribute to risk management and fraud detection in the private banking sector, and

what are the implications for the overall security and stability of financial institutions?

More information and processing power are needed to achieve a goal that is closer to human nature.

Banking and Artificial Intelligence (AI)

The banking industry can use artificial intelligence (AI), which consists of machine learning and natural language. Machine learning is a data analysis technique that automates the creation of analytical models. Machine learning happens when computers adapt their parameters or algorithms to new data without requiring human intervention.



Source: <https://www.factmr.com/report/ai-and-automation-in-banking-market>

Fig 2

The terms "natural language processing" (NLP) and "natural language generation" (NLG) describe how technology can use spoken or written human communication as an input to drive computer activity. NLG can construct a human-sounding response by sifting through vast amounts of available data. It can also provide a multipage report that summarizes financial findings.

Positive effects of AI on the banking sector include: assisting banks in understanding customer spending patterns. Creating personalized investment plans and helping customers create budgets; notifying customers of advice on how to check spending and investments based on data; and tracking transactional and other data sources to better understand customer behavior and preferences. Massive data sets can be combed through by artificial intelligence, which can also spot patterns that human observers might miss. Fraud protection is one area where this ability is especially important. Many financial service providers use artificial intelligence and machine learning systems to identify fraud in real-time.

Enhancement of Mobile and Internet Banking

As a 24/7 transaction tool, online and mobile banking are growing in popularity. Artificial intelligence (AI) gives banks access to client data, including comprehensive demographics, website analytics, and records of both online and offline transactions. Machine learning can also integrate and analyze data.

Uses of Artificial Intelligence

The amount of data produced nowadays—by both robots and humans—far exceeds our capacity to comprehend, analyze, and draw conclusions from such data. All computer learning is predicated on artificial intelligence, which is also where sophisticated decision-making is headed. To determine the optimal choice, computers are effective at computing these permutations and combinations. Deep learning and AI (and its natural progression from machine learning) will be the cornerstones of commercial decision-making in the future.

Procedure for risk assessment

Artificial intelligence can handle and simplify this process by analyzing pertinent data about the potential borrower. Artificial intelligence can combine and analyze data related to the most recent transactions. The risk assessment process when giving loans requires both accuracy and confidentiality. It is a very complex and critical process. Market patterns and the most recent financial transactions to determine the possible risks associated with extending the credit.

Shifting Transactions and Security

To provide secure and quick transactions, banks must be able to be trusted. Artificial intelligence is built to identify fraud in transactions by applying pre-established rules; mobile apps can identify suspicious activity in a user's

account through behavior analysis; and large-scale online transactions from a user's account that have a history of small transactions can be identified immediately.

Security of personal information

Artificial intelligence is essential for safeguarding personal information. With the number of cybercrimes increasing at an accelerating rate, AI-based fraud detection can stop these kinds of attempts. Thus, AI offers the banking and finance industry a great deal of potential in the field of cyber security. For banks, mobile app development services are capable of identifying fraud and data breaches.

Trading and Management of Hedge Funds

AI-based mobile app solutions for the banking industry enable mobile hedge fund trading and management. AI-related tools retrieve real-time data from global financial markets, and AI models analyze various financial markets, thereby aiding users in making prompt decisions.

Providing Elevated Security

AI can provide the banking industry with a high level of security, and AI-based mobile applications can speed up and

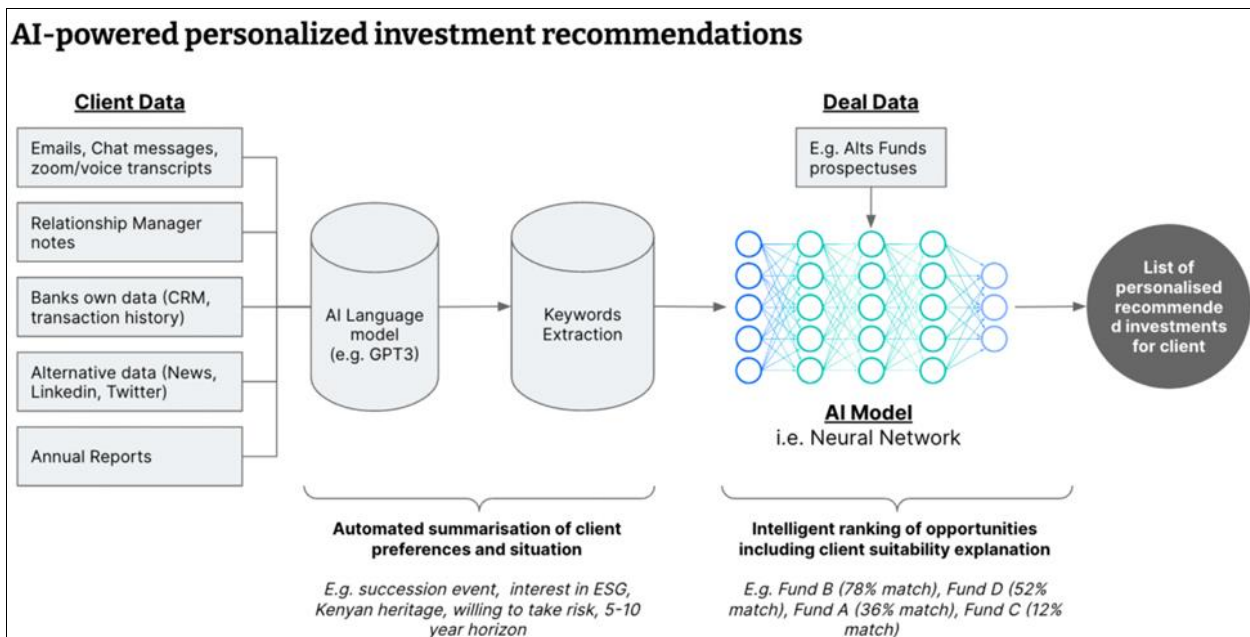
secure transactions. Additionally, banks and other financial institutions can comprehend the user's Banks manage customer-oriented operations with ease while saving money by not having to hire more staff members by using an app to give personalized experiences and track user behavior.

Removing burdens from Humans

Artificial intelligence has the potential to replace human labor in certain tasks, resulting in cost savings, faster response times, increased awareness of recent regulatory changes, and the ability to prepare reports more. The bank already employs computer programs to perform repetitive tasks, such as responding to data requests from external auditors.

Customer experience and employee effectiveness

Through customized emails and other offerings, artificial intelligence increases employee performance and improves the consumer experience. AI provides more precision and accuracy in a variety of applications, including cash transfers, bill payments, card management, and other support. It also boosts revenue and sales representative productivity.



Source: <https://www.thoughtworks.com/en-br/insights/articles/ai-in-financial-services-private-banking-and-wealth-management>

Fig 3

AI has the potential to increase customer happiness. Desktop computers, cell phones, and other mobile devices can be used to manage all these tasks.

Finding fraudulent transactions

Machine learning algorithms can analyze thousands of data points in real time and flag suspicious or outright fraudulent transactions, stopping many fraudulent claims in the process. The finance industry is using machine learning to drive profitability and lower operational costs across many institutions.

Efficiency and Accuracy Gain

Artificial intelligence improves mathematical computations' efficiency, accuracy, and speed. It can also manage massive volumes of data, and banks can use it to determine the

optimal set of initial margin-reducing trades at a given moment based on the degree of initial margin reduction in the past under various iterations of those transactions.

Improved client Assistance

Customers choose self-service options that let them communicate with virtual assistants like they would a live customer support professional, according to several pieces of evidence.

The majority of top banks have already included virtual assistants in their mobile apps, voice response systems, and chatbots on their instant websites. Because artificial intelligence views every encounter as a teaching opportunity, chatbots—virtual assistants—continue to improve as they gain more client understanding. Additionally, it enables sentiment analysis, which enables

the virtual assistant to detect when users are becoming irritated and immediately route them to a live representative.

Improved Financial Services

AI brings a new degree of comfort to client care while streamlining the banking process. It enables banks to provide thorough digital support in line with clients' expectations. More accuracy and precision are possible with artificial intelligence. AI can increase your client's level of happiness with anything from cash transfers to bill payments, card management, and other support services. Desktop computers, smartphones, and other mobile devices can all be used to manage all these tasks.

Scam Detection

The banking industry is facing difficulties in identifying and reducing scams due to the significant increase in financial fraud. Many banks have made unsuccessful attempts to pinpoint the causes and effective fixes. Nonetheless, AI supports investigators and facilitates the identification of fraud's contributing aspects. Using cutting-edge fraud prevention strategies enhances financial security.

For the banking industry, artificial intelligence functions as a real-time fraud solution, managing intricate circumstances and strategies. By highlighting odd transactions, AI may identify fraud based on sophisticated data analysis. Additionally, it flows back into the customer profile, which creates a safer atmosphere.

Advanced data analytics

One of AI's primary benefits is its capacity to carry out laborious jobs through complex automation, increasing productivity. Artificial intelligence can process and absorb vast amounts of data at a rapid pace, thanks to its machine learning algorithm. The tremendous speed increases financial services' efficiency and opens the door to customer-specific offers. Additionally, AI moves and makes decisions more.

Negative Impacts of AI on The Banking Sector

High Costs

Artificial intelligence (AI) systems are complex machines that require expensive production and maintenance. AI is made up of sophisticated software programs that must be updated to adapt to changing environmental conditions. If a major failure occurs, the process of restoring the system and recovering lost codes may take a long time and be very expensive.

Poor Decisions

Artificial intelligence is still incapable of making moral decisions, despite its ability to learn and advance. When making decisions, humans can consider unique situations and gut feelings, something that artificial intelligence may never be able to do. AI that replaces adaptive human behavior may lead to irrational behavior in human and object ecosystems.

Allocation of power

The worry that AI will replace or even take over humans is persistent. A select group of people can have significant power over artificial intelligence. Thus, AI bears the risk, usurps human control, and dehumanizes behavior in several ways.

Unemployment

There may be widespread unemployment if machines take the place of human labor. Furthermore, humans will become less innovative and more reliant on machines if AI usage spreads. There shouldn't be unemployment. People who have nothing to do can use their minds. Artificial intelligence has the potential to raise the unemployment rate in any area, including banking.

Ecosystem Irrational Behavior

Artificial intelligence is capable of learning and developing, but it will never be able to make judgment calls. Humans can consider unique situations and judgment calls when making judgments. Adaptive human behavior could lead to irrational behavior in human and object ecosystems.

Risk Factors

Artificial intelligence, when placed in the wrong hands, has the potential to pose a serious threat to humankind. When people begin to think, these sophisticated machines can wreak havoc. Artificial intelligence also carries risks and takes control away from humans while dehumanizing actions in several ways.

Workforce Replacement

Artificial intelligence makes it possible to replace workers with robots, which could result in widespread unemployment. If AI is used, people will become reliant on it and lose their ability to be creative. AI has the potential to raise unemployment rates in the banking industry and in other sectors as well. People without jobs may become mentally unstable.

Conclusion

Artificial intelligence is spreading throughout the banking sector to support financial services. People are more inclined to use digital means to transact and stay updated with their bank accounts during periods of social separation and quarantine. Given these benefits, most banks and other financial organizations would use AI to maintain their competitiveness and provide superior customer service.

But a machine learning algorithm also has several drawbacks. The ability to make decisions could soon cause issues as it learns and develops further. Additionally, the restricted availability of manual labor means that AI plays a crucial role in guaranteeing banks can serve their clientele. We hope that our paper clarifies why artificial intelligence (AI) is needed to lessen the banking industry's reliance on people.

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